

Name:

Student ID:

## Quiz #8 (4% + 1% Bonus)

CS2336 Discrete Mathematics, Instructor: Cheng-Hsin Hsu

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3:30 - 3:50 p.m., May 20th, 2013

**This is a closed book test. Any academic dishonesty will automatically lead to zero point.**

- 1) (1%) Find the generating function for the number of ways to select 10 candy bars from large supplies of 6 different kinds.

Answer:

$$(1 + x^1 + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^{10})^6$$

- 2) (1%) Find the coefficient of  $x^{15}$  in each of the following: (a)  $x^3(1 - 2x)^{10}$  and (b)  $(1 + x)^4/(1 - x)^4$ .

Answer:

a) 0

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } & \binom{4}{0} \binom{-4}{15} (-1)^{15} + \binom{4}{1} \binom{-4}{14} (-1)^{14} + \binom{4}{2} \binom{-4}{13} (-1)^{13} + \binom{4}{3} \binom{-4}{12} (-1)^{12} + \binom{4}{4} \binom{-4}{11} (-1)^{11} \\ & = \binom{4}{0} \binom{18}{15} + \binom{4}{1} \binom{17}{14} + \binom{4}{2} \binom{16}{13} + \binom{4}{3} \binom{15}{12} + \binom{4}{4} \binom{14}{11} \end{aligned}$$

- 3) (1%) Find the generating function for the number of integer solutions of: (a)  $2w + 3x + 5y + 7z = n$ ,  $0 \leq w, x, y, z$  and (b)  $2w + 3x + 5y + 7z = n$ ,  $0 \leq w$ ,  $4 \leq x, y$ ,  $5 \leq z$ .

Answer:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a)} & \frac{1}{1-x^2} \cdot \frac{1}{1-x^3} \cdot \frac{1}{1-x^5} \cdot \frac{1}{1-x^7} \\ \text{b)} & \frac{1}{1-x^2} \cdot \frac{x^{12}}{1-x^3} \cdot \frac{x^{20}}{1-x^5} \cdot \frac{x^{35}}{1-x^7} \end{aligned}$$

- 4) (1%) If a 20-digit ternary (0, 1, 2) sequence is randomly generated, what is the probability that: (a) it has an even number of 1's? and (b) The total number of 0's and 1's is even?

Answer:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a)} & \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3^{20}+1}{3^{20}} \\ \text{b)} & \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3^{20}+1}{3^{20}} \end{aligned}$$

- 5) (1%) Let  $f(x)$  be the generating function for the sequence  $a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots$ . What is the sequence corresponding to the generating function  $(1-x)f(x)$  ?

Answer:

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + \dots + a_nx^n + \dots \\ (1-x)f(x) &= (1-x)(a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + \dots + a_nx^n + \dots) \\ &= a_0 + (a_1 - a_0)x + (a_2 - a_1)x^2 + \dots + (a_n - a_{n-1})x^n + \dots \end{aligned}$$

The sequence is  $a_0, a_1 - a_0, a_2 - a_1, \dots, a_n - a_{n-1}, \dots$