

# Introduction to Android

# Outline

- What is Android?
- Features
  - Android Architecture
  - Linux kernel
  - Native Libraries
  - Android Runtime
  - Application Framework
  - Applications

# What is Android

- Android is a software stack for **mobile devices** that includes an operating system, middleware and key applications.
- Android is a **Java-based** operating system that runs on the **Linux 2.6** kernel.
- The **Android SDK** provides the tools and APIs necessary to begin developing applications on the Android platform using the **Java** programming language.

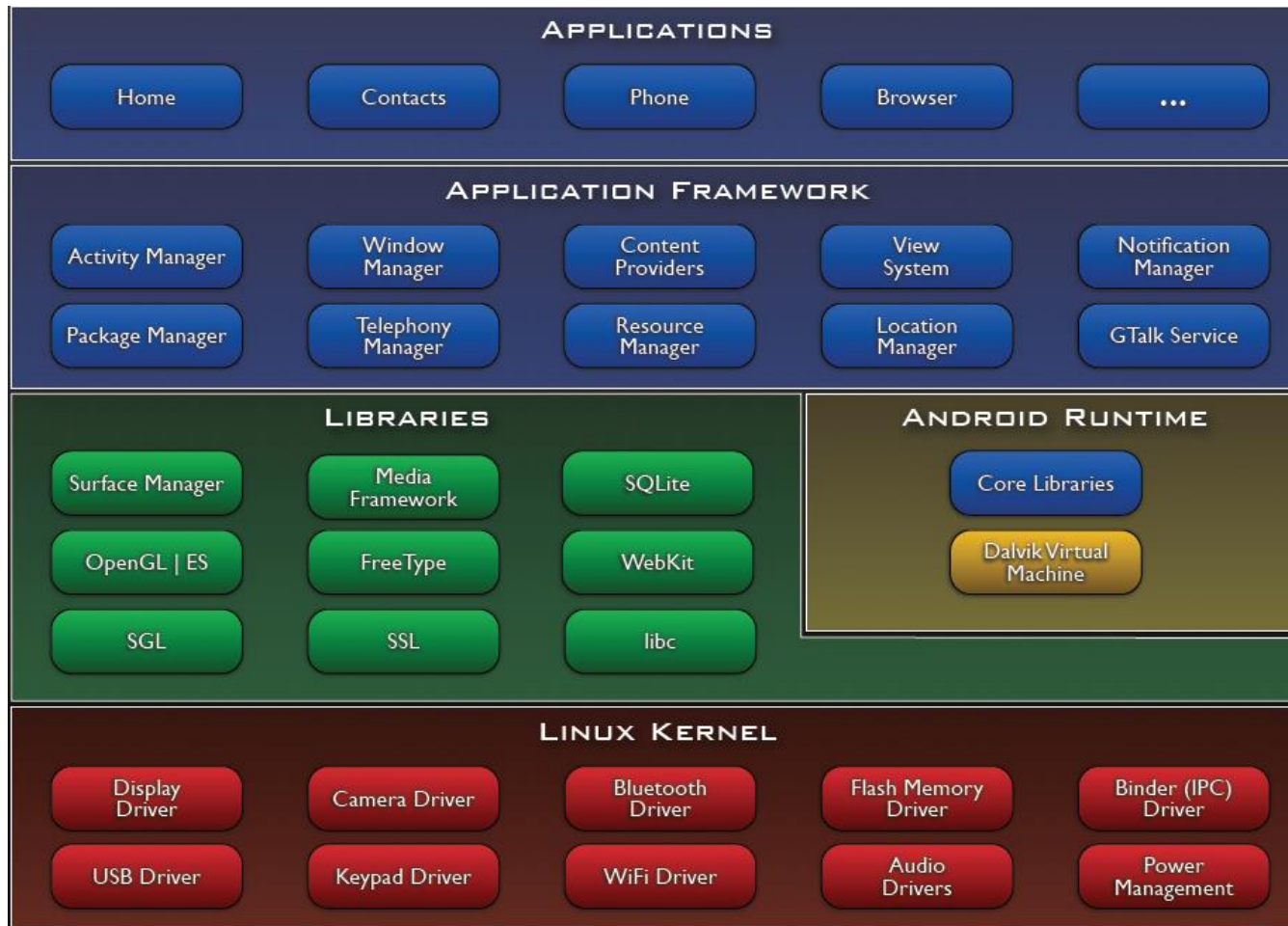
# Features

- **Application framework** enabling reuse and replacement of components
- **Dalvik virtual machine** optimized for mobile devices
- **Integrated browser** based on the open source WebKit engine
- **Optimized graphics** powered by a custom 2D graphics library; 3D graphics based on the OpenGL ES 1.0 specification (hardware acceleration optional)
- **SQLite** for structured data storage

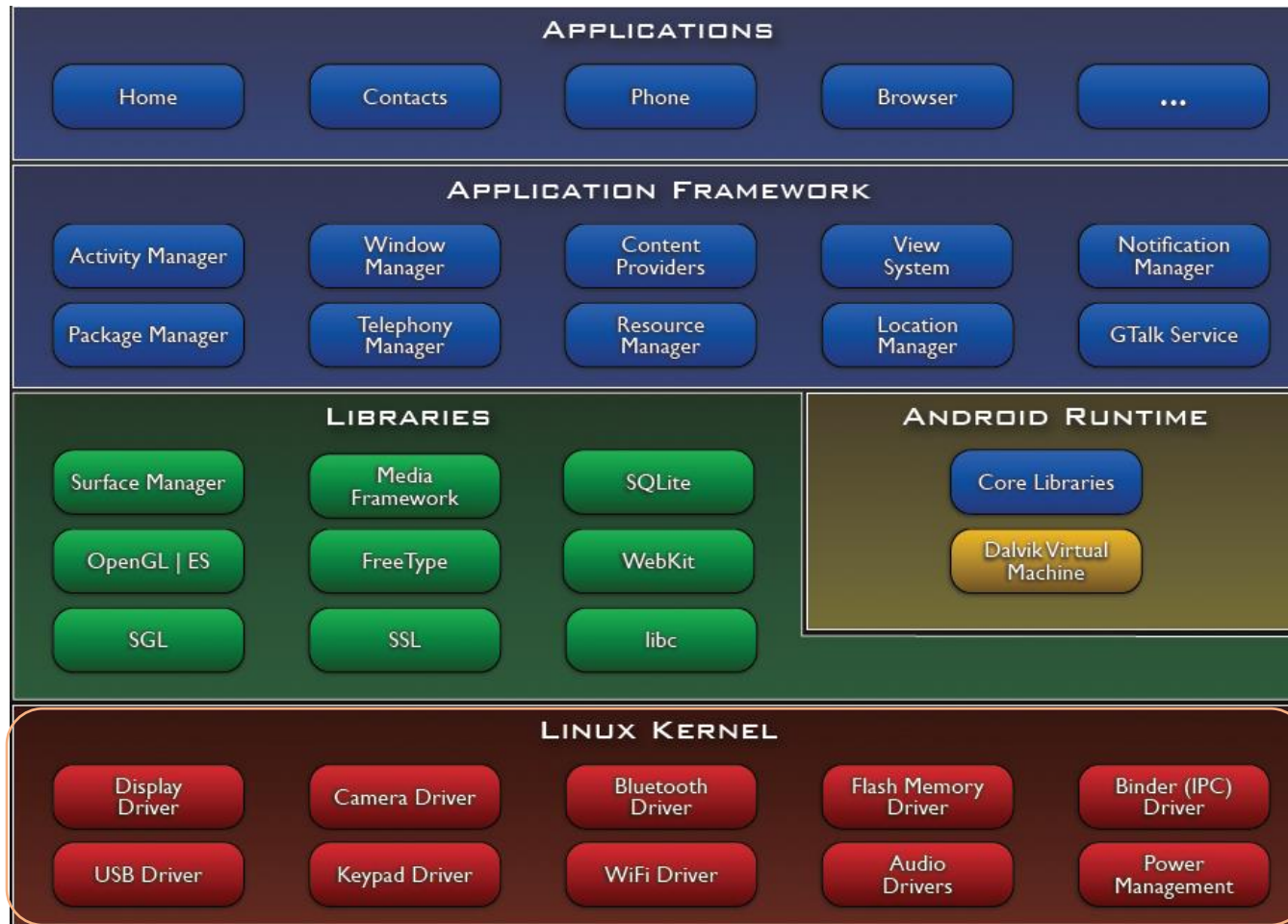
# Features(con't)

- **Media support** for common audio, video, and still image formats (MPEG4, H.264, MP3, AAC, AMR, JPG, PNG, GIF)
- **GSM Telephony** (hardware dependent)
- **Bluetooth, EDGE, 3G, and WiFi** (hardware dependent)
- **Camera, GPS, compass, and accelerometer** (hardware dependent)
- **Rich development environment** including a device emulator, tools for debugging, memory and performance profiling, and a plugin for the Eclipse IDE

# Android Architecture



# Linux Kernel



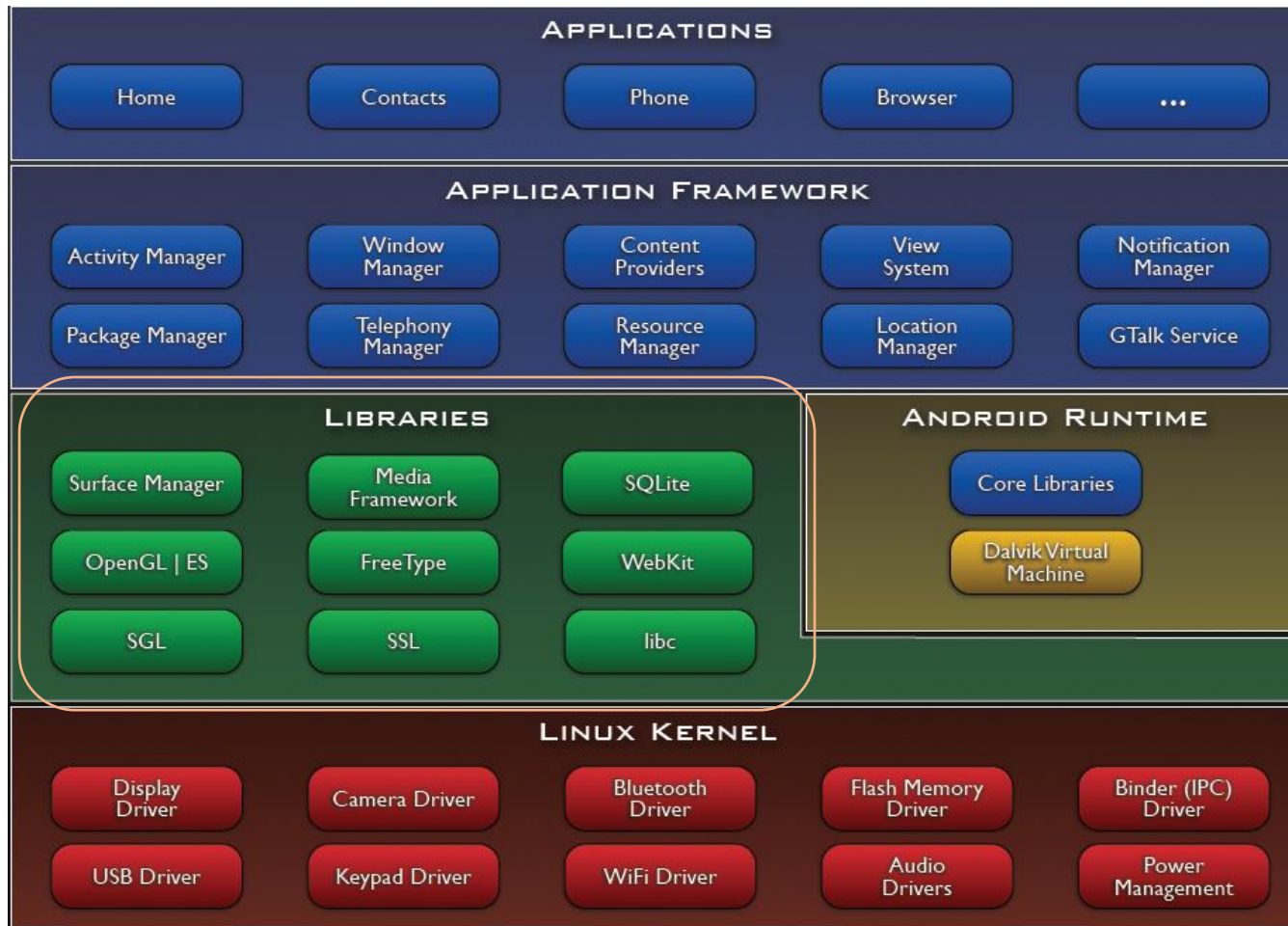
# Linux Kernel

- Android is built on the Linux kernel, but Android is not Linux
- Provide core system services such as process, memory, power management, network stack, driver model and security
- Does not include the full set of standard Linux utilities
- The Android kernel source is available today
  - <http://git.android.com>





# Libraries



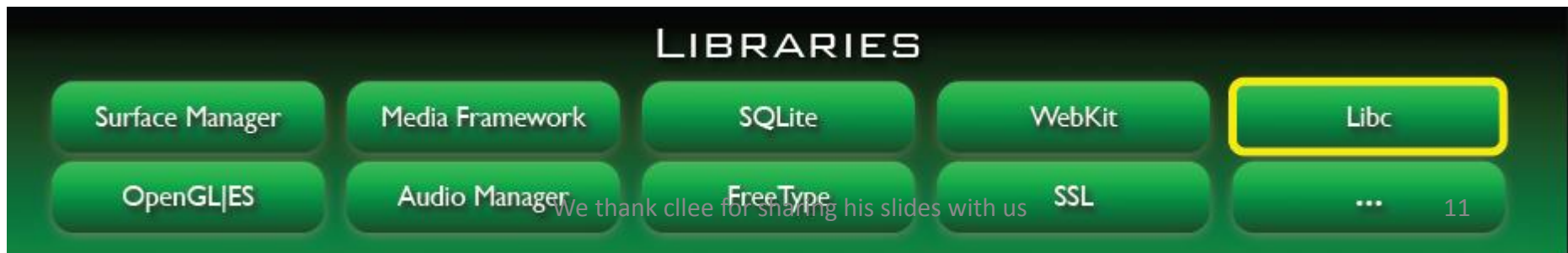
# Native Libraries

- Bionic Libc
- Function Libraries
- Native Servers
- Hardware Abstraction Libraries



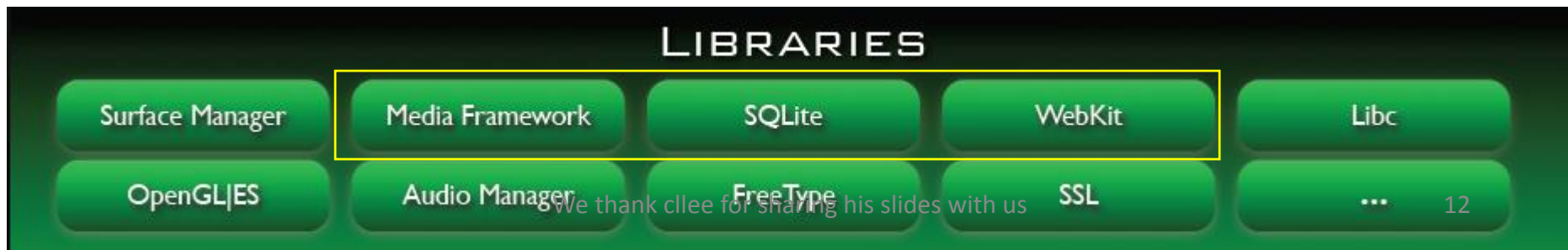
# Bionic Libc

- C/C++ library
- Custom libc implementation, optimized for embedded use.
- Not compatible with Gnu Libc (glibc)
- Pros (compare with glibc)
  - Small size and fast code paths
  - Very fast and small custom pthread implementation



# Function Libraries

- WebKit
  - Based on open source WebKit browser
  - Full CSS, Javascript, DOM, AJAX support
- Media Framework
  - Based on PacketVideo OpenCORE platform
  - Supports standard video, audio, still-frame formats
- SQLite
  - Light-weight transactional data store
  - Back end for most platform data storage



# Hardware Abstraction Libraries

## APPLICATIONS

Home

Dialer

SMS/MMS

IM

Browser

Camera

Alarm

Calculator

Contacts

Voice Dial

Email

Calendar

Media Player

Photo Album

Clock

...

## APPLICATION FRAMEWORK

Activity Manager

Window Manager

Content Providers

View System

Notification Manager

Package Manager

Telephony Manager

Resource Manager

Location Manager

...

## LIBRARIES

Surface Manager

Media Framework

SQLite

WebKit

Libc

OpenGL|ES

Audio Manager

FreeType

SSL

...

## ANDROID RUNTIME

Core Libraries

Dalvik Virtual Machine

## HARDWARE ABSTRACTION LAYER

Graphics

Audio

Camera

Bluetooth

GPS

Radio (RIL)

WiFi

...

## LINUX KERNEL

Display Driver

Camera Driver

Bluetooth Driver

Shared Memory Driver

Binder (IPC) Driver

USB Driver

Keypad Driver

WiFi Driver

Audio Drivers

Power Management

We thank [David Forster](#) for sharing his slides with us.

# Hardware Abstraction Libraries

- User space C/C++ library layer
- Defines the interface that Android requires hardware “drivers” to implement
- Separates the Android platform logic from the hardware interface
- Why do we need a user-space HAL?
  - Not all components have standardized kernel driver interfaces
  - Kernel drivers are GPL which exposes any proprietary IP
  - Android has specific requirements for hardware drivers

## HARDWARE ABSTRACTION LAYER

Graphics

Audio

Camera

Bluetooth

GPS

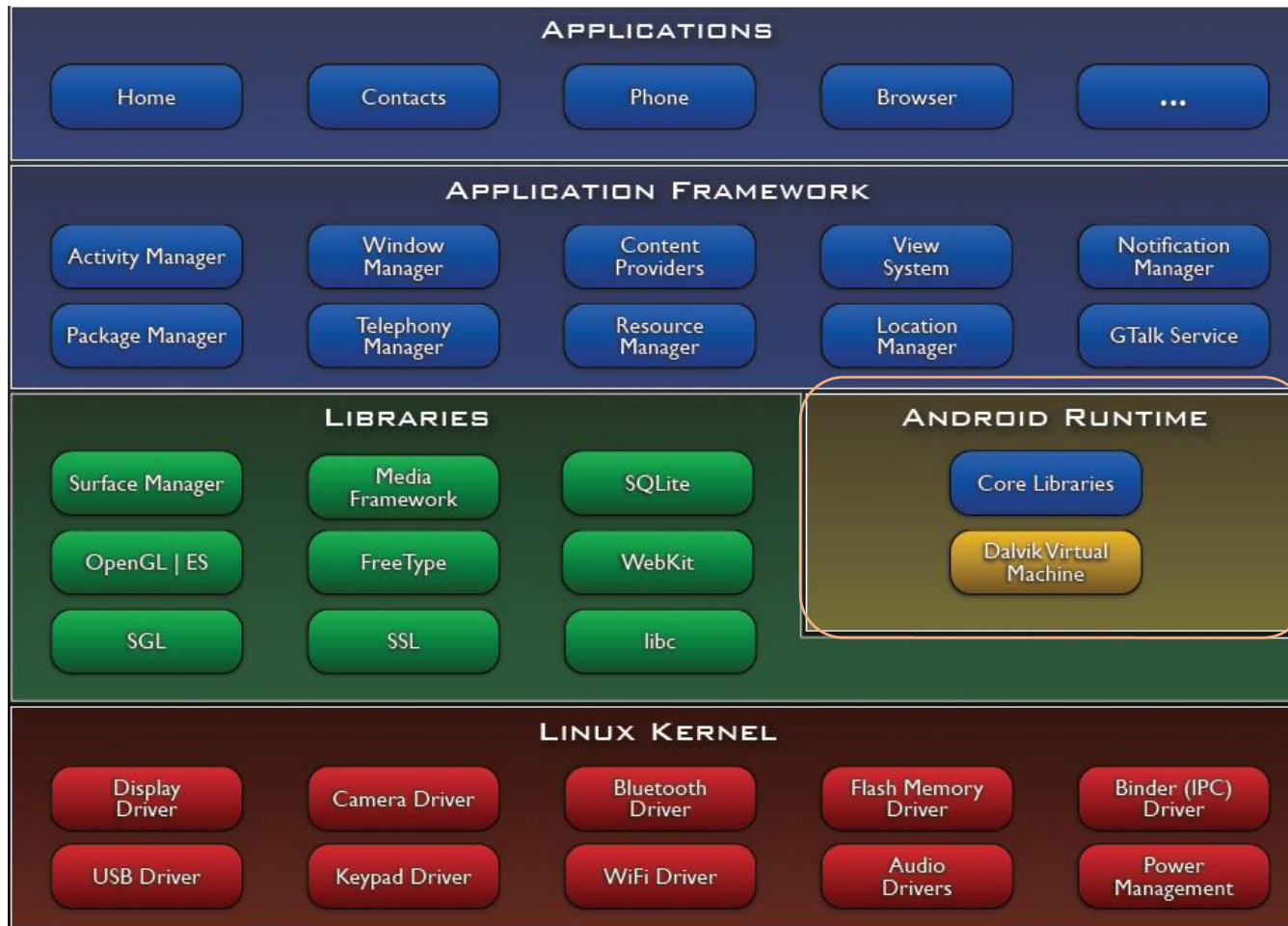
Radio (RIL)

WiFi

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# Libraries



# Android Runtime

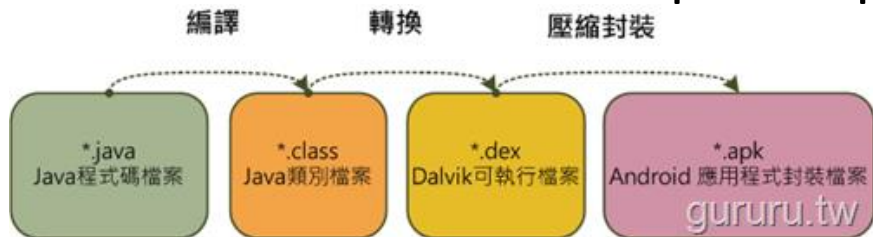
- Application Developed language : Java
- Dalvik Virtual Machine
  - Instruction set : Dalvik Executable
- Java Standard Library
  - Compile java code to Dalvik Executable (dex format)



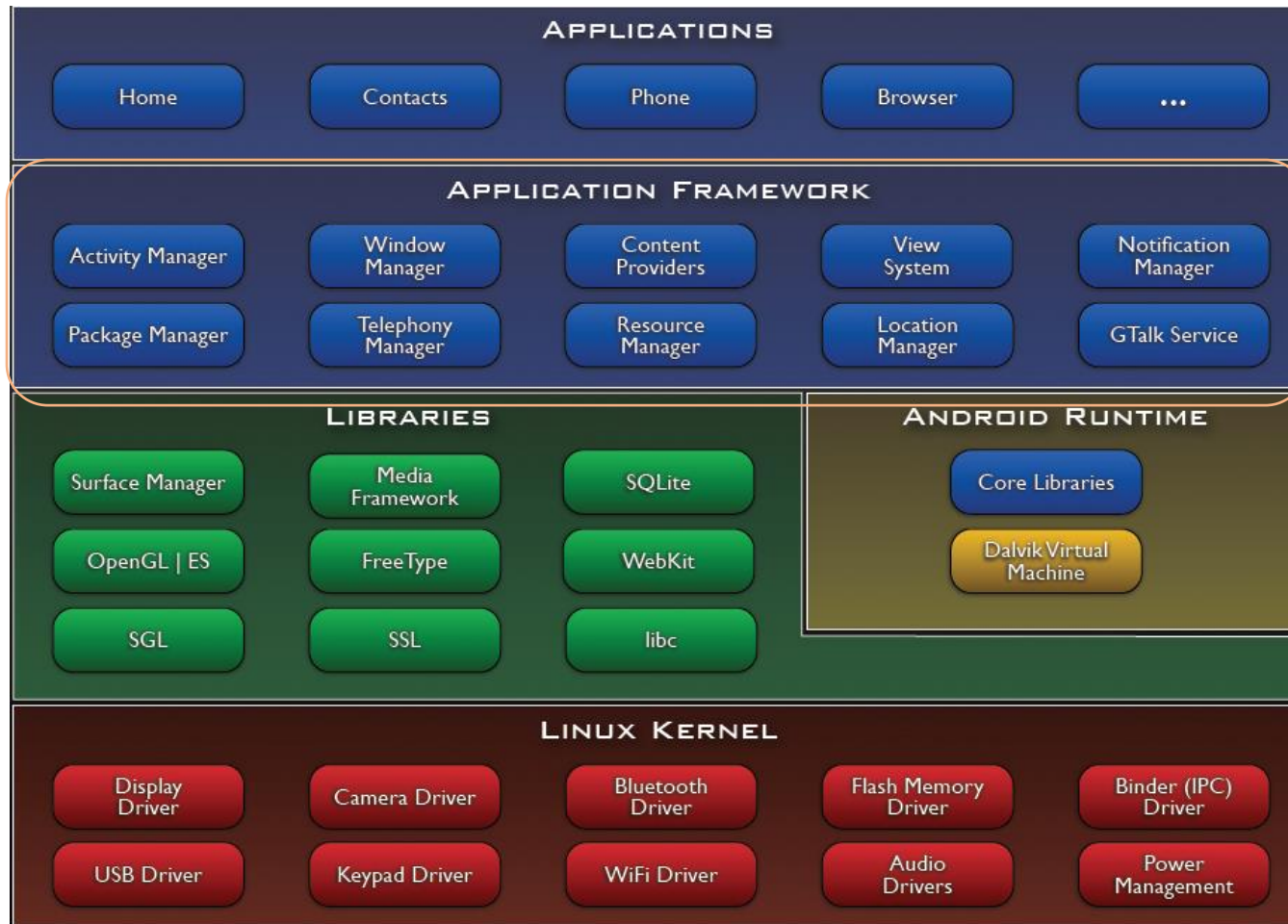


# Dalvik Virtual Machine

- Android custom implementation virtual machine
  - Provides application portability and runtime consistency
  - Runs optimized file format (.dex) and Dalvik bytecode
  - Java .class / .jar files converted to .dex at build time
- Designed for embedded environment
  - Supports multiple virtual machine processes per device
  - Highly CPU-optimized bytecode interpreter
  - Efficiently Using runtime memory
- Core Libraries
  - Core APIs for Java language provide a powerful, yet simple and familiar development platform



# Application Framework



# Application Framework

- Activity manager
  - Manage the life cycle of applications
- Content Provider
  - Share data between applications
- Resource Manager
  - Manager non-code resource
- Notification Manager
  - Display custom alerts in the status bar
- Views System
  - A rich and extensible set, which can construct UI

## APPLICATION FRAMEWORK

Activity Manager

Window  
Manager

Content Providers

View  
System

Notification  
Manager

Package Manager

Telephony  
Manager

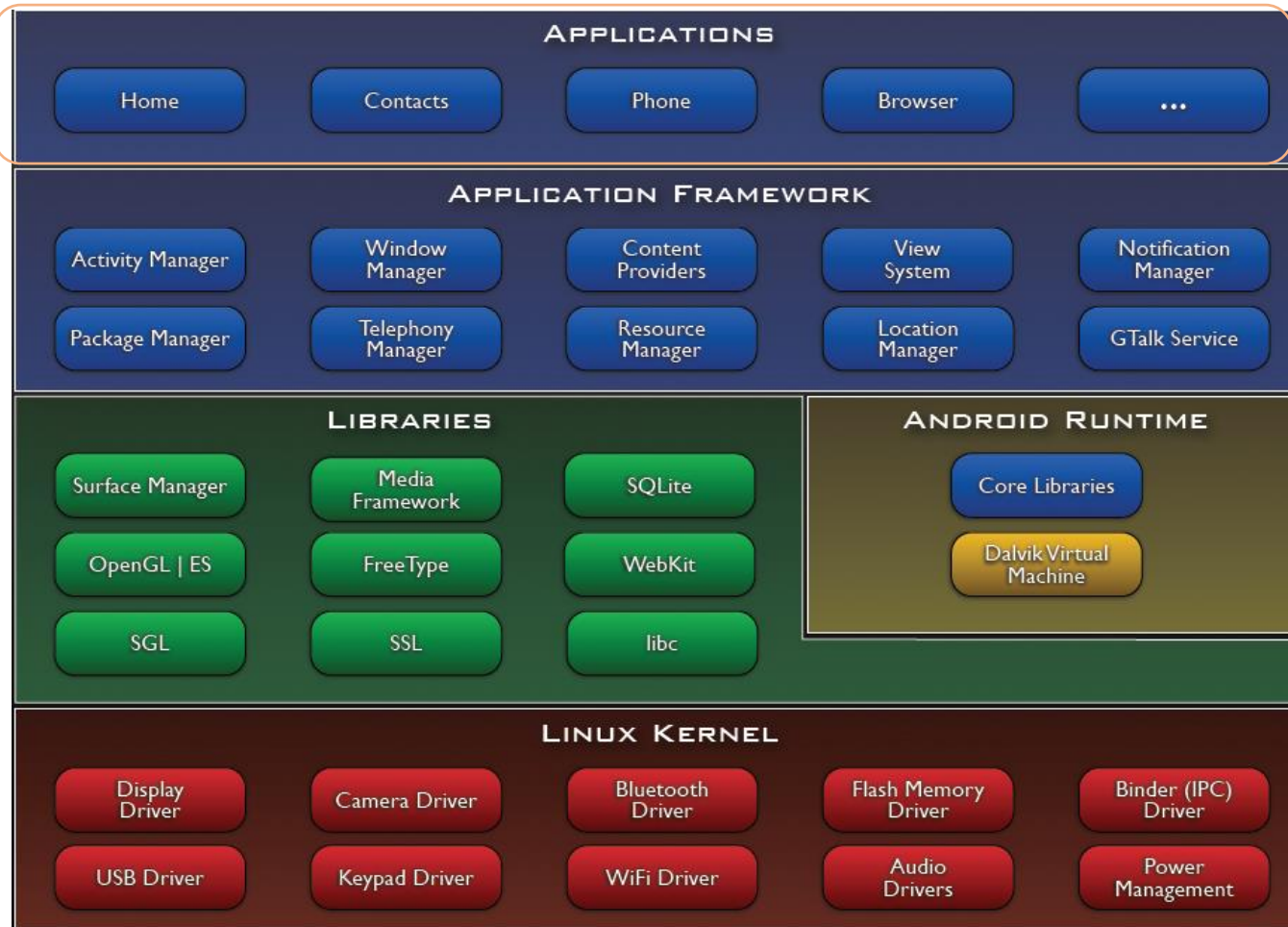
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Resource Manager

Location  
Manager

...

# Application Framework



# Applications

- Use the powerful and flexible application framework to develop your application
- Written by JAVA programming language

