QoS-Aware Shared Component Composition for Distributed Stream Processing Systems

Thomas Repantis, Member, IEEE, Xiaohui Gu, Member, IEEE, and Vana Kalogeraki, Member, IEEE

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Introduction - Distributed Stream Processing Systems

Distributed Stream Processing Systems



Distributed Stream Processing Application



Motivation

• In DSPSs (Distributed Stream Processing Systems), streams continuously arrive components, components need to process input streams in real time to generate output streams.

Major challenge:

Select among different component to compose stream processing applications on demand.

Motivation

- focuses on enabling sharing-aware component composition for efficient distributed stream processing.
- Sharing-aware composition allows different applications to utilize:
 - previously generated streams
 - already deployed stream processing components

System model - Synergy Architecture



Fig. 2. Synergy system architecture.

Input: query $\langle \xi, Q_{\xi}, \rangle$, node v_s

Output: application component graph λ



Fig. 5. Query plan example.

1 v_s identifies maximum sharable point(s) in ξ 2 v_s spawns initial probes



Fig. 3. Probing example.

Probing path: 1. S -> C1 -> C3 -> D 2. S -> C1 -> C4 -> D 3. S -> C2 -> C3 -> D 4. S -> C2 -> C4 -> D

- 3 for each v_i in path
- 4 checks available resources
- 5 **AND** checks QoS so far in Q_{ξ}
- 6 **AND** checks projected QoS impact



Fig. 3. Probing example.

- 7 **if** probed composition qualifies
- 8 sends acknowledgement message to upstream node
- 9 performs transient resource reservation at v_i
- 10 discovers next-hop candidate components from ξ
- 11 deploys next-hop candidate components if needed
- 12 spawns probes for selected components
- 13 else drops received probe



14 v_s selects most load-balanced component composition λ 15 v_s establishes stream processing session



Experimental Evaluation - Setup

- Implemented as a multithreaded system including about 20,000 lines of Java code
- Running on each of 88 physical nodes of PlanetLab.
- Based on the SpiderNet service composition framework.
- One hundred components were deployed uniformly across the nodes, with a replication degree of 5.
- Application requests asked for two to four components chosen randomly and for the corresponding streams between the components.
- Generate approximately nine requests per second throughout the system, using a Zipf distribution with $\alpha = 1.6$

Experimental Evaluation - Setup

- Compared Synergy against two different composition algorithms:
 - 1. A Random algorithm that randomly selected one of the candidates for each application component
 - 2. a Composition algorithm performs QoS-aware composition but does not consider result stream reuse or component reuse

Experimental Evaluation

Average application end-to-end delay



Successful application requests

Experimental Evaluation

Protocol overhead



Breakdown of average setup time

Setup Time (ms)	Random	Composition	Synergy
Discovery	240	188	243
Probing	4509	4810	3141
Total	4749	4998	3384

Conclusions

- Synergy:
 - built on top of a totally decentralized overlay architecture
 - reuse existing streams and components
 - ensure that the QoS requirements of the currently running applications
- Prototype implementation of Synergy over PlanetLab shows that:
 - sharing-aware component composition can enhance QoS provisioning for distributed stream processing applications.