# A Virtual Machine Placement Taxonomy

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#### Introduction

- Cloud computing datacenters deliver infrastructure (IaaS), platform (PaaS) and software (SaaS) as services
- Present work : Efficient management of PM & VM
- VMP: selecting which VM should be hosted at each PM
- No public research work presenting a general study of the VMP literature.

### Virtual Machine Placement Taxonomy

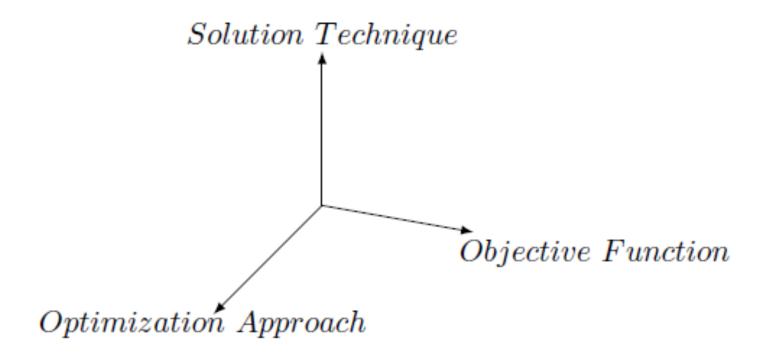


Figure 1. Main classification criteria for the proposed VMP taxonomy

## Objective Function

Table I
OBJECTIVE FUNCTIONS: A PAPER MAY CONSIDER JUST ONE OR SEVERAL
DIFFERENT OBJECTIVE FUNCTIONS.

Objective Function	% of studied papers
Energy Consumption Minimization	51.2%
Network Traffic Minimization	30.9%
Economical Revenue Maximization	22.6%
Performance Maximization	16.7%
Resource Utilization Maximization	15.5%

## Objective Function

- Energy Consumption Minimization
- Network Traffic Minimization
- Network communication cost
- Live migration overhead
- Network metrics : delay, network performance......

$$P(U_{cpu}) = U_{idle} \times P_{max} + (1 - U_{idle}) \times P_{max} \times U_{cpu}$$
 (5)

where:

 $P(U_{cpu})$ : Power consumption of a PM

 $U_{idle}$ : Fraction of power consumed by an idle PM

 $P_{max}$ : Maximum power consumption of a PM

 $U_{cpu}$ : CPU utilization rate

$$E = \int_{t_0}^{t_1} P(U_{cpu}(t)) dt$$
 (6)

## Optimization Approaches

- Mono-Objective Approach
- Multi-Objective solved as Mono-Objective Approach
- Weight sum
- linear combination
- Pure Multi-Objective Approach

Optimize:

$$y = f(x) = [f_1(x), f_2(x), ..., f_q(x)]$$
 (1)

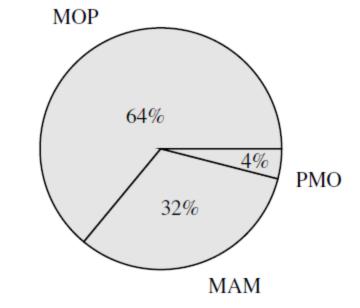
subject to:

$$e(x) = [e_1(x), e_2(x), ..., e_r(x)] \ge 0$$
 (2)

where:

$$x = [x_1, x_2, ..., x_p] \in X$$
  
 $y = [y_1, y_2, ..., y_q] \in Y$ 

Figure 2. Percentage of articles considering each optimization approach in the studied universe of 84 papers.



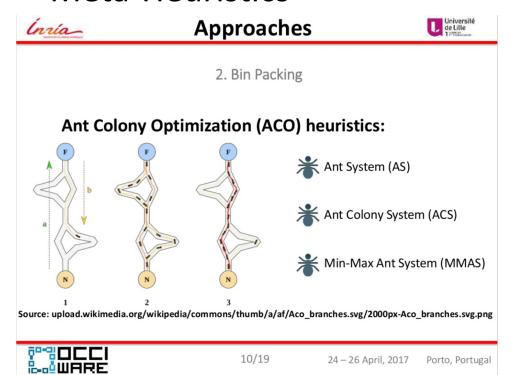
## Solution Techniques

Table II SOLUTION TECHNIQUES: IT COULD APPLIED MORE THAN ONE.

Solution Technique	% of studied papers
Deterministic Algorithms	17.9%
Heuristics	66.7%
Meta-Heuristics	14.3%
Approximation Algorithms	2.4%

### Solution Techniques

- Deterministic Algorithm
- Heuristics
- Meta-Heuristics



$$N = (n+1)^m$$

#### where:

N: Size of the searching universen: Number of physical machinesm: Number of virtual machines

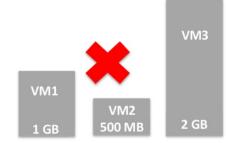


#### **Approaches**



#### 2. Bin Packing

#### **Greedy heuristics:**



- First-Fit (FF)
- First-Fit Decreasing (FFD)
- Best-Fit (BF)









#### Conclusion

- There is no optimization problem with more than 3 objective function
- Holistic energy models
- Live migration network overhead
- There is no PMO deterministic, heuristic algo and performance

# Q&A

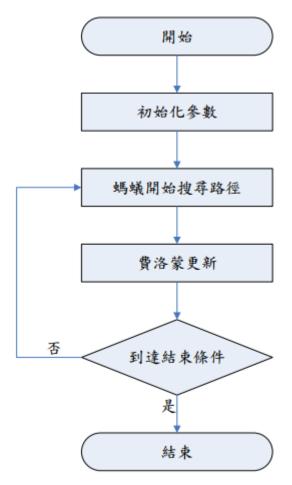


圖 3 蟻群最佳化流程圖